Date: 2nd March, 2023 by DME, Main Campus



Study Guide

Third Year MBBS 2023

Foundation Module -II

Date: 2nd March, 2023 by DME, New Teaching Block

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RMU Motto



University Moto, Vision, Values & Goals

Mission Statement

To impart evidence-based research-oriented health professional education in order to provide best possible patient care and inculcate the values of mutual respect, ethical practice of healthcare and social accountability.

Vision and Values

Highly recognized and accredited centre of excellence in Medical Education, using evidence-based training techniques for development of highly competent health professionals, who are lifelong experiential learner and are socially accountable.

Goals of the Undergraduate Integrated Modular Curriculum

The Undergraduate Integrated Learning Program is geared to provide you with quality medical education in an environment designed to:

- Provide thorough grounding in the basic theoretical concepts underpinning the practice of medicine.
- Develop and polish the skills required for providing medical services at all levels of the Health care delivery system.
- Help you attain and maintain the highest possible levels of ethical and professional conduct in your future life.
- Kindle a spirit of inquiry and acquisition of knowledge to help you attain personal and professional growth & excellence.

Module II-

Foundation Module

Introduction: Foundation module provides integration of core concepts that underlie the foundation of basic sciences and their use in clinical medicine. This will eventually lead to develop critical thinking for integration and application of basic knowledge for clinical application.

Rationale: The foundation module is designed to impart basic knowledge about Pharmacology, Pathology, Forensic Medicine, Community Medicine, Research, Medicine & Surgery. This knowledge will serve as base on which the student will construct further knowledge about the etiology, pathogenesis and prevention of diseases; the principles of their therapeutics and management.

Module Outcomes

Each student will be able to:

Knowledge

Acquire knowledge about the basic terminologies used in Pharmacology, Pathology & Forensic Medicine as well as the concepts of diseases in the community

- Appreciate concepts & importance of
- Research
- Biomedical Ethics
- Family Medicine
- Use technology based medical education including Artificial Intelligence.

Skills

• Interpret and analyze various practical of Pre-clinical Sciences

Attitude

• Demonstrate a professional attitude, team building spirit and good communication skills

This module will run in 4 weeks duration. The content will be covered through introduction of topics. Instructional strategies are given in the time table and learning objectives are given in the study guides. Study guides will be uploaded on the university website. Good luck!

Section I – Terms & Abbreviations

Contents

- Domains of Learning
- Teaching and Learning Methodologies/Strategies
 - Large Group Interactive Session (LGIS)
 - Small Group Discussion (SGD)
 - Self-Directed Learning (SDL)
 - Case Based Learning (CBL)

Tables & Figures

• Table1.

Domains of learning according to BloomsTaxonomy

- Figure 1. Prof Umar's Model of Integrated Lecture
- Table2.

Standardization of teaching content inSmall Group Discussions

• Table 3.

Steps of taking Small Group Discussions

Table1.

Domains of learning according to Blooms Taxonomy

Sr. #	Abbreviation	Domains of learning
1.	С	Cognitive Domain: knowledge and mental skills.
	C1	Remembering
	C2	Understanding
	C3	Applying
	C4	Analyzing
	C5	Evaluating
	C6	Creating
2.	Р	Psychomotor Domain: motor skills.
	P1	Imitation
	P2	Manipulation
	P3	Precision
	P4	Articulation
	P5	Naturalization
3.	А	Affective Domain: feelings, values, dispositions, attitudes, etc
	A1	Receive
	A2	Respond
	A3	Value
	A4	Organize
	A5	Internalize

Teaching and Learning Methodologies / Strategies

Large Group Interactive Session (LGIS)

The large group interactive session is structured format of Prof Umar Model of Integrated lecture. It will be followed for delivery of all LGIS. Lecturer will introduce a topic or common clinical condition and explains the underlying phenomena through questions, pictures, videos of patients, interviews and exercises, etc. Students are actively involved in the learning process.



Figure 1. Prof Umar's Model of Integrated Lecture

Small Group Discussion (SGD)

This format helps students to clarify concepts acquire skills and attitudes. Sessions are structured with the help of specific exercises such as patient case, interviews or discussion topics or power point presentations. Students exchange opinions and apply knowledge gained from lectures, SGDs and self-study. The facilitator role is to ask probing questions, summarize and helps to clarify the concepts.

Table 2.

Standardization of teaching content in Small Group Discussions

S.No	Topics	Approximate %
1	Title Of SGD	
2	Learning Objectives from Study Guides	
3	Horizontal Integration	5%+5%=10%
4	Core Concepts of the topic	60%
5	Vertical Integration	20%
6	Related Advance Research points	3%
7	Related Ethical points	2%

Table 3.Steps of conducting Small Group Discussions

Step 1	Sharing of Learning objectives by using students Study guides	First 5 minutes
Step 2	Asking students pre-planned questions from previous teaching session to develop co-relation (these questions will be standardized)	5minutes
Step 3	Students divided into groups of three and allocation of learning objectives	5minutes
Step 4	ACTIVITY: Students will discuss the learning objectives among themselves	15 minutes
Step 5	Each group of students will present its learning objectives	20 min
Step 6	Discussion of learning content in the main group	30min
Step 7	Clarification of concept by the facilitator by asking structured questions from learning content	15 min
Step 8	Questions on core concepts	
Step 9	Questions on horizontal integration	
Step 10	Questions on vertical integration	
Step 11	Questions on related research article	
Step 12	Questions on related ethics content	
Step 13	Students Assessment on online MS teams (5 MCQs)	5 min
Step 14	Summarization of main points by the facilitator	5 min
Step 15	Students feedback on the SGD and entry into log book	5 min

Self-Directed Learning (SDL)

- Self- directed learning is a process where students take primary charge of planning, continuing and evaluating their learning experiences.
- □ Time Home assignment
- \Box Learning objectives will be defined
- □ Learning resources will be given to students : Text book (page no), web site
- □ Assessment: Will be online on LMS (Mid module/ end of Module)

Case Based Learning (CBL)

- □ It's a learner centered model which engages students in discussion of specific scenarios that resemble typically are real world examples.
- \Box Case scenario will be given to the students
- □ Will engage students in discussion of specific scenarios that resemble or typically are real-world examples.
- $\hfill\square$ Learning objectives will be given to the students and will be based on
 - i. To provide students with a relevant opportunity to see theory in practice
 - ii. Require students to analyze data in order to reach a conclusion.
- iii. Develop analytic, communicative and collaborative skills along with content knowledge.

Section II-

Learning Objectives, Teaching Strategies & Assessments

Contents

- Horizontally Integrated Clinical Sciences (Pharmacology, Pathology & Forensic Medicine)
- Large Group Interactive Session:
 - Pharmacology (LGIS)
 - Pathology (LGIS)
 - Forensic Medicine (LGIS)
- Small Group Discussions
 - Pharmacology (SGD)
 - Pathology (SGD)
 - Forensic Medicine (SGD)
- Self-Directed Topic, Learning Objectives & References
 - Pharmacology(SDL)
 - Pathology (SDL)
 - Forensic Medicine (SDL)
 - Practical
 - Vertical horizontal integration Medicine & Allied
 - Surgery & Allied

Learning objectives Week 1

Code No	Торіс	Discipline	At the end of the lecture student should be able to	C/P/A	Teaching strategies	Assessment tools
L-1	Role of radiology Assessment in personal	Forensic medicine	Define ossification centers	C2	LGIS	MCQ SEQs
	identity		• Enlist ossification centers in bones and their appearance with relation to age.	C1		VIVA
			Assessment of age of an individual using radiology	C3]	
			Assessment of sex of skeletal remains	C3]	
			Forensic assessment of a skeletal injury	C3		
L-2	Role of D.N.A finger	Forensic medicine	Describe the pattern of fingerprints	C2	LGIS	MCQs
	printing in personal identity		• Define Dactylography, Poroscopy, Footprint, and DNA finger printing	C1		SEQs VIVA
			• Define the forensic importance and application of DNA finger printing	C1		
L-3	Introduction to ANS	Pharmacology	Describe the general organization of autonomic nervous system	C2	LGIS	MCQ
			• Describe the basic characteristic of sympathetic and parasympathetic systems	C2		SEQs VIVA
L-4	Symptomology- 1 (common symptoms)	1 Medicine ns)	• Recognize common symptoms including dyspnea, chest pain, cough, palpitations, vomiting, fever, edema, dysuria and fatigue.	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA
			Distinguish between acute, chronic and persistent symptoms.	C4		
			• Knows important steps involved in history taking of common symptoms.	C1		
			Recognize abnormal lab findings in common symptoms	C1		
L-5	Introduction to	Forensic Medicine	Define legal definition of a poison	C1	LGIS	MCQs
	toxicology		Describe route of administration of poisons	C2]	SEQs
			Discuss the factors which modify the actions of poison	C2		VIVA
L-6	Pathophysiology of	Pathology	Define Thrombus & Virchow's triad	C1	LGIS	MCQs
	Thrombo- embolism		Describe Causes of hypercoagulability	C2	1	SEQs
			• Explain fate of thrombus, morphology of venous thrombosis	C2	-	VIVA
			Differentiate between arterial and venous thrombosis	C3	1	
			Correlate pathogenesis of Disseminated-intravascular coagulation clinical presentation	C3		
			Classify embolism on the basis of etiology	C1	1	
S-1	Edema	Pathology	Classify edema on the basis of etiology and pathogenesis	C3	SGD	MCQs SEOs
			Differentiate b/w edema in various clinical settings	C3	1	VIVA

			•			
L-7	Sympathomimetics I	Pharmacology	Classify Sympathomimetics	C1	LGIS	MCQs
	(classification)		Identify receptors selectivity of sympathomimetic drugs	C1	C1	SEQs VIVA
			Discuss structure activity relationship of sympathomimetics	C2		
			Differentiate between catecholamines and non catecholamines	C3		
L-8	Investigations and Diagnosis in surgery	Surgery	• Understand the basic principles of radiation protection and know the law in relation to the use of ionizing radiation	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs
			• Understand the principles of different imaging techniques and their advantages and disadvantages in different clinical scenarios	C3		
			• Discuss the role of imaging in directing treatment in various surgical scenarios	C2		
L-9	Sympathomimetics-II (directly acting drugs)	omimetics-II Pharmacology acting drugs)	Describe the pharmacological affects, produced by sympathomimetics	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA
	(uncerty acting drugs)		Enlist uses and adverse effect of sympathomimetics	C1		
L-10	Sympathomimetics-III (indirectly acting drugs)	Pharmacology	Compare different sympathomimetics in relation with epinephrine	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA
L-11	Symptomology- II (specific symptoms	Medicine	Recognize important signs during clinical Assessment.	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEQs
	and lab investigations)	investigations)	Recognize abnormal lab findings in common symptoms	C1		5- 2 0
S-2	Morphological changes	Pathology	Define Infarct.	C1	SGD	MCQs
	in Infarction		• Explain types of infarct.	C2		SEQs
			Explain causes, of infarct.	C2		VIVA
			Describe morphology of infarct.	C2		
C-1	Anaphylactic shock	Pharmacology	Manage the given case	C3	CBL	PBQS
			• Describe the effect of epinephrine on vascular and pulmonary systems and the receptors involved	C2		
			• Enlist other uses and adverse effects of epinephrine	C1	1	
			• Explain the epinephrine reversal phenomenon	C2	1	
			•		1	

2 nd Week							
Code no	Торіс	Discipline	At the end of the lecture student should be able to	C/P/A	Teaching strategies	Assessment tools	
S-3	Types of hemorrhage	Pathology	Define Hemorrhage.	C1	SGD	MCQs	
			Describe Normal coagulation cascade.	C2		SEQs	
			• Enlist Types of hemorrhages with examples.	C1		VIVA	
			Describe Concept of Petechiae, ecchymosis, bruises	C2			
C-2	Etio-pathogenesis of	Pathology	Define shock	C1	CBL	PBQS	
	Shock		Classify shock on the basis of etio-pathogenesis	C3			
			Correlate the stages of shock with underlying pathogenic mechanisms	C3			
			Identify the type of shock in clinical setting and the stage	C2			
			Describe the Biochemical and immune-abnormalities in shock	C3			
			Relate the need of diagnosis in emergency situations	C2]		
L-12	α – Blockers	Pharmacology	Classify alpha adrenergic blockers	C1	LGIS	MCQs	
			 Describe the mechanism of action, pharmacological effects, uses and adverse effects of α – blockers. 	f C2		SEQs VIVA	
			Discuss "epinephrine reversal"	C2			
L-13	Beta blockers-I	Pharmacology	Classify beta adrenergic blockers	C1	LGIS	MCQs	
	(classification)		Describe the mechanism of action of beta adrenergic blockers	C2		SEQs VIVA	
L-14	Beta blockers-II (mechanism of action)	Pharmacology	Describe the pharmacological effects of beta adrenergic blockers	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA	
L-15	Classification of poisons	Forensic Medicine	Describe the symptomatic classification of poisons with examples of each group.	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA	
L-16	Imaniyet-1V	The Holy Quran			LGIS	MCQs	
S-4	Introduction to genetics	Pathology	Define Genetics	C1	SGD	MCQs	
			Describe history and branches of genetics	C2	_	SEQs	
			Explain relationship between genes and human diseases	C2		VIVA	
			• Enlist different types of changes in DNA which lead				
			to genetic disease	C2			
			• Demonstrate the importance of patient confidentiality.	A2			
L-17	Perioperative care	Surgery	 To understand preoperative preparation for surgery. Concept of taking consentC2 	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs	

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			To understand basics of postoperative care in surgery	C2		VIVA
L-18	Beta Blockers-III (clinical	Blockers-III (clinical Pharmacology • Describe the uses and adverse effects of beta blockers	Describe the uses and adverse effects of beta blockers	C1	CBL	MCQs SEQs VIVA
	uses and adverse effects)		Discuss absolute and relative contraindications of beta blockers	C2		
L-19	Mendalian Disorders	Pathology	• Explain Mandelin's laws of genetics.	C2	LGIS	MCQs
			Correlate inheritance with pathogenesis of various genetic disorders	C3		SEQs VIVA
L-20	Introduction to child growth and development	Peads	• Describe the developmental milestones according to gross motor, fine motor, vision, hearing, speech and social behavior at different ages.	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs
			Assess developmental age.	C3		
			Recognize warning signs for developmental delay.	C3		
L-21	Shock and Blood	Surgery	• To understand the pathophysiology of shock and ischaemia-reperfusion injury	C2	LGIS	MCQs
	transfusion		• Use of blood and blood products, the benefits and risks of blood transfusion	C2		SEQs
			The different patterns of shock and the principles and priorities of resuscitation	C2		
			Appropriate monitoring and end points of resuscitation	C2		
S-5	Types of gene disorders	Pathology	Classify normal Karyotype	C1	SGD	MCQs
	and Prenatal diagnosis		Explain chromosomal disorders of autosomes and sex chromosomes	C2		SEQs VIVA
			• Explain Down' syndrome and turner's syndrome	C2		VIVA
			Explain single gene disorders with non-classical inheritance.	C2		
			Explain multifactorial genetic disorders	C2		
			Identify diseases caused by triplet repeat mutation	C2		
			Identify diagnostic test related to genetic diseases	C2		
C-4	Beta blockers	Pharmacology	Discuss the clinical pharmacology of beta blockers	C2	CBL	PBQS
			Rationalize the use of specific beta blockers in specific clinical situations	C3		
L-22	Classification of antidotes	Forensic Medicine	Define antidotes	C1	LGIS	MCQs
			Classify antidotes	C1]	SEQs
			Preparation of universal antidote	C2		VIVA
			• Classification of antidotes and their uses in respective poisoning	C2		
L-23	History taking	Family medicine	To define the components of history taking	C2	LGIS	MCQs
	fundamentals		• To understand chief complains and presenting problem of patient.	C2		SEQs VIVA
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•

P1	Pharmacological calculations III	Pharmacology	• Solve the pharmacological calculations using the basic formulae	P1	practical	OSPE
P2	Chronic Venous Congestion, Thrombosis,	Pathology	• Illustrate morphology of Chronic Venous Congestion, Thrombosis and Infarction with help of diagram	Р3	practical	OSPE
	Infarction		Interpret report of coagulation profile	P3		
			• Be considerate of cost effectiveness and risk-benefit analysis while ordering	A2		
			investigations in a patient			
P3	Role of radiology in	Forensic medicine	The list of ossification centers in bones and their appearance with relation to age.	P1	practical	OSPE
	personal identity		Assessment of age of an individual using radiology	P1		
			Assessment of sex of skeletal remains	P2		
			• Forensic assessment of a skeletal injury	P2		

3 rd Week								
Cod e no	Торіс	Discipline	At the end of the lecture student should be able to	C/P/A	Teaching strategies	Assessment tools		
L-24	Parasympathomimetics-I (directly acting)	Pharmacology	• Identify location of cholinergic receptors and molecular mechanism of their activation	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEQs		
			Classify cholinomimetic	C1		VIVA		
			• Describe the pharmacological effects produced by the activation of these receptors	C2				
			Describe uses and adverse effects of cholinomimetic.	C2				
L-25	Parasympathomimetics-11	Pharmacology	Classify anticholinesterases	C1	LGIS	MCQs		
	(indirectly acting)		• Describe the mechanism of action and adverse effects of anticholinesterases	C2		SEQs VIVA MCQs SEQs VIVA		
			Enlist their clinical uses	C1				
			• Outline the role of anticholinesterase in the diagnosis and treatment of myasthenia gravis	C2				
L-26	Anti cholinergics-I (classification and	Pharmacology	• Classify anticholinergic drugs (chemical & therapeutic).	C2	LGIS			
mechanism of action)	mechanism of action)		• Discuss in detail pharmacokinetics, mechanism of action, pharmacological action, therapeutic uses & adverse effects of anticholinergics.	C2				
L-27	Anti cholinergics-II	Pharmacology	Compare & contrast hyoscine & atropine.	C3	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA		
S-6	Single-Gene Disorders	Pathology	Enlist various single gene disorders	C1	SGD	PBQs		
			• Describe the mechanisms involved in single gene disorders	C2				
L-28	Inferential Statistics 4 (Chi square test)	Research	• Explain principles of sampling distribution of proportion and standard error proportion	C2	LGIS	MCQ SEQ		
	-		Calculate SEP for a given sample proportion	C3				
			Calculate standard error of difference between two proportions	03				
			Do hypothesis testing by applying chi-square test Interpret results of chi-square test					
			Elaborate fisher's exact test	C4 C3				
L-29	Patient Safety and quality improvement	Surgery	• The importance of understanding human behavior if patient care is to improve.	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs		

			• The importance of patient safety and the scale of the problem.	C2		
			• Medical error and its definitions including adverse events and near misses.	C3		
			• Patient safety strategies and solutions.	C3		
C-4	Diagnosis of Klinefelter Syndrome	Pathology	• Explain causes and evaluation of chromosomal abnormalities	C2	CBL	MCQs SEOs
	~ y		Explain causes of facial features and complication of this syndrome	C2		VIVA
			Correlate the clinical features with genetic basis	C2		
			• Identify different Chromosomal abnormalities on the basis of history taking and physical Assessment	C3		
			• Apply his/her knowledge to differentiate different common chromosomal abnormalities	C3		
L-30	Signs and symptoms of	Forensic Medicine	Identify case of poisoning.	C1	LGIS	MCQs
	common poisoning and its		Diagnostic criteria for a case of poisoning	C4		SEQs
	Management		• Classify antidotes and their uses in respective poisoning	C1		VIVA
			Describe the role of elimination of unabsorbed poison	C2		
			• Describe the role of elimination of absorbed poison with special emphasis on forced diuresis and exchange transfusion	C2		
L-31	Nomenclature &	Pathology	Define and classify neoplasia	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEOs
	neoplasms		Describe nomenclature of neoplasms	C2		VIVA
	1		Differentiate between benign and malignant tumors	C3		
C-5	Organophosphate poisoning	Pharmacology	Recognize the clinical features of Organophosphate Poisoning	C2	CBL	PBQS
	1		• Evaluate the role of oximes in organophosphate poisoning	C2		
			Design the management plan for organophosphate poisoning	C3		
L-32	Surgical infection	Surgery	• The characteristics of the common surgical pathogens and their sensitivities	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEQs
			• The classification of sources of infection and their severity.	C1		
			The clinical presentation of surgical infections.	C2		
			• The indications for and choice of prophylactic antibiotic.	C2		
			To learn the management of abscesses	C2		
L-33	Legal duties of a doctor and stator law relating to drugs	Forensic Medicine	• Role of medical practitioner in a case of suspected poisoning	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs VIVA
C-6	Mushroom and dhatura	Pharmacology	Recognize the clinical features of both poisonings	C2	CBL	PBQS
	1					

	poisoning		• Evaluate the role of anticholinergics in both poisonings	C2		
			• Design the management plan for both poisonings	C3		
S-7	Epidemiology of neoplasia	Pathology	• Explain cancer incidence along with environmental and geographic distribution C2	C2	SGD	MCQs SEQs
			• Explain Genetic predisposition to cancer and Non hereditary predisposing conditions	C2		VIVA
			• Design the management plan for both poisonings	C2		
S-8	Molecular basis of cancer	Pathology	Describe essential alterations for malignant transformation	C2	SGD	MCQs SEQs
			• Define oncogenes, protooncogenes and oncoproteins	C1		VIVA
			• Explain role of RAS oncogenes, BRAF ,MYC oncogenes ,Cyclin and cyclin dependent kinase in carcinogenesis	C2		
L-34	Inferential Statistics 5 (Correlation	Research	• Explain principles of correlation analysis for comparing two continuous variables in same subjects in given data set	C1	LGIS	MCQs SEQs
			• Explain with examples concept of correlation and association in research data	C1		
			Compute co efficient of correlation and interpret results	C2		
P-4	Effect of mydriatics on frog's eve	Pharmacology	Recall the mydriatic groups	P1	Practical	OSPE
			• Interpret the results of the drug instilled in rabbit's eye	P3		
P-5	Diagnosis of benign Neoplasia	Pathology	• Diagnose a case of benign tumor on the basis of different laboratory tests	Р3	Practical	OSPE
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• Describe morphology of benign tumors (gross & microscopy)	P2		
			• Demonstrate adequate interpersonal skills and collaborative team work	A2		
P-6	Role of D.N.A finger	Forensic medicine	• Describe the pattern of fingerprints	P1	Practical	OSPE
	printing in personal		Define Dactylography	P1		
	Identity		Define Porospcopy	P1		
			Define Footprint,	P1		
			Define DNA finger printing	P1		
			• Define the forensic importance and application of DNA finger printing	P1		
		1				
						age

4 th Week

Code no	Торіс	Discipline	At the end of the lecture student should be able to	C/P/A	Teaching strategies	Assessment tools
S-9	Tumor suppressor genes in cancer	Pathology	• Explain carcinogenesis by Tumor suppressor genes ,RB gene ,P53 gene	C2	SGD	MCQs SEQs
			• Explain role of ApC /b-catenin pathway in carcinogenesis	C2		VIVA
S-10	Microbial & radiation carcinogenesis	Pathology	Enlist examples of microbial and radiation carcinogenesis	C2	SGD	MCQs SEQs
			• Correlate the etio-pathogenesis of microbial carcinogenesis with the genetic alterations in tumor genomics	C3		VIVA
			• Correlate the mechanism of radiation oncogenesis with predisposing environment for carcinogenesis	C3		
			• Describe the genetic pathways involved in the radiation oncogenesis	C2		
L-35	Diagnostic approach of malignant tumors	Pathology	• Diagnose a case of malignant tumor on the basis of different laboratory tests	C2	LGIS	MCQs SEQs
			Describe morphology of malignant tumors (gross & microscopy)	C2		VIVA
			Demonstrate adequate interpersonal skills and collaborative team work	A2		
L-36	Autopsy findings in	Forensic Medicine	Identify case of poisoning during autopsy	C1	LGIS	MCQs
	poisoning and Collection, preservation and dispatch of body		• Collection of remains of poisoning in viscera of a case of poisoning and their referral of Forensic Pathological assessment	C4		SEQs VIVA
S-11	Carcinogenic agents and Tumor immunity	Pathology	• Classify carcinogenesis on the basis of various mechanism involved	C2	SGD	MCQs SEQs
			Describe the steps involved in carcinogenesis	C2		VIVA
			• Explain chemical, radiational and microbial carcinogenesis	C2		
			Explain Immune surveillance	C2		
L-37	Malnutrition: Assessment	Peads	Define Malnutrition	C1	LGIS	MCQs
	and management		Enlist common etiological factors	C1		SEQs
			• Evaluate malnourished child from history and physical Assessment C3	C3]	
			Plot Growth parameters on the percentile charts C5	C5		

				Know WHO management protocol for severe malnutrition C2 C2				
				Enlist the steps of nutritional rehabilitation C1 C1	-			
S-12 Pathophysiology of Pathology Environmental Diseases			Pathology	Environmental Effects on Global Disease Burden, C1	SG	D	MC SE(Qs Os
	Environmentar	Diseuses		• Explain Health effects of Climate changes C1	—		VIV	A A
				Describe Toxicity of chemical and physical agents C2				
L-38	Ibadat-1	1	Quran	•		IS	MC	Qs
C-7	Lead poiso	ning	Pathology	Discuss causes of lead poisoning C2	CB	L	PBO	Qs
				Describe the pathogenic effects of lead poisoning C2				
				Discuss clinical and morphological features of lead poisoning anemia C2				
L-39	Communication	Skills in	Family Medici	• Define communication skills C1	LG	IS	MC	Qs
	patient care			• Understand the significance of good communications for doctors C2			SEC	Qs
				Apply communication skills in patient care. A1				
	Inferential Stat	tistics 5	Research	• Explain principles of correlation analysis for comparing two continuous C1	LG	(S	MC	Qs
L-39 (Correlation)			variables in same subjects in given data set			SEC	Qs	
			• Explain with examples concept of correlation and association in research data C2					
P-7	Effect of drugs of	f Rabbit's	Pharmacolog	 Recall the miotic drug groups P1 	Pract	ical	OSI	PE
	Eye			• Interpret the results of the drug instilled in rabbit's eye P3				
P-8			Forensic Medic	• Identification of a case of poisoning. P1	Pract	ical	OSI	PE
	Signs and sym	ptoms of		Diagnostic criteria for a case of poisoning P2				
	Common poisonin Management	ng and its		Describe the role of elimination of unabsorbed poison P1				
				• Describe the role of elimination of absorbed poison with special emphasis on forced diuresis and exchange transfusion P1				
ΡQ	Diagnosis of m	alignant	Pathology	Identify the microscopic features and gross appearance of Chronic and P1 Granulomatous Inflammation	Pract	ical	OSI	PE
1-9	Reoptasi	a		Granulomatous innanimation				
				• Value the role of basic investigations in clinical management A3				
			•	Family Medicine				
History taking fund	lamentals	Family	y medicine	To define the components of history taking		C	2	MCOs
, ,		-		 To understand chief complains and presenting problem of patient. 		C	2	MCOs
Communication S	kills in patient	Family	/ Medicine	Define communication skills		C1 Mic		
care				Understand the significance of good communications for doctors		C	2	
•				Apply communication skills in patient care.		A	l	

SDL Curriculum (Self Directed Learning)

	Week-1				
	Pharmacology				
Торіс	Learning Objectives	References			
• Receptors and neurotransmitters involved in ANS	• Revise the knowledge of receptors and neurotransmitters regarding their functional roles	 Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Bertram Z. Katzung 15th Edition, Chapter 6, Page 2-6, 15-24 Goodman and Gillmans The Pharmacological basics of Therapeutics, 13th Edition, Chapter, Pg 43 			
	Pathology				
• Embolism and types of embolism	 Define and classify embolism Explain clinical Importance and treatment of different types of embolism. Describe morphology of different types of emboli. Diagnose a case of embolism on the basis of different laboratory tests. 	Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis OF Disease, 10 th Edition, Chapter 1, Pg 112114			
	Forensic Medicine				
• .Role of radiology in personal identity	 Define ossification centers The list of ossification centers in bones and their appearance with relation to age. Assessment of age of an individual using radiology Assessment of sex of skeletal remains Forensic assessment of a skeletal injury 	Parikh's text book of medical jurisprudence forensic medicine and toxicology, Edition 9			

	Week-2	
	Pharmacology	
Торіс	Learning Objectives	References
Pheochromocytoma	 Discuss the signs and symptoms of pheochromocytoma Discuss the pharmacological 	Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Bertram Z. Katzung 15th Edition, Chapter 10, Page 165-166
	management of pheochromocytoma	
	Pathology	
Cytogenetic disorders	 Explain General Features of Chrosomal Disorders Explain numeric and structural abnormalities Explain Cytogenetic Disorders Involving 	Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease, 10 th Edition, Chapter 1, Pg 262-269-
	Forensic Medicine	
• Role of D.N.A finger printing in personal identity	 Describe the pattern of fingerprints Define Dactylography Define Poroscopy Define Footprint, Define DNA finger printing Define the forensic importance and application of DNA finger printing 	Parikh's text book of medical jurisprudence forensic medicine and toxicology, Edition 9

	Week-3					
	Pharmacology					
Торіс	Learning Objectives	References				
• Ganglion blockers	 Enumerate Ganglion blockers Explain mechanism of action Discuss different organ system effects Enumerate clinical applications and toxicity of the drugs 	Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Bertram Z. Katzung 15th Edition, Chapter 8, Page 139-140				
	Pathology	·				
Nutritional disorder Macronutrients/Micronutrient insufficiency	 Explain Macronutrient/Micro- nutrient insufficiency Explain Dietary insufficiency, Protein energy Malnutrition, Anorexia Nervosa and Bulimia, Vitamin Deficiency, Obesity, Diets, Cancers and Atherosclerosis. Demonstrate understanding of team work in diagnosing a patient with multiple health issues 	Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis OF Disease 10th Edition Chapter 3 Pg 80—85				
	Forensic Medicine	1				
Classification of antidotes	 Define antidote. Classify antidotes Preparation of universal antidote Classification of antidotes and there uses in respective poisoning 	Parikh'stext book of medical jurisprudence forensic medicine and toxicology Edition 9				

	Week-4	
	Pharmacology	
Торіс	Learning Objectives	References
Use of botulinum in aesthetics	• Discuss mechanism of action of botulinum	Basic and Clinical Pharmacologyby Bertram Z.Katzung 15th Edition, Chapter 6, Page 99 pg 136,1232
	• Enumerate uses and adverse effects of botulinum	
	Pathology	
• Environmental pollution	 Outline salient features of environmental pollution in an article. Demonstrate responsible behavior toward self-learning. 	• Robbins & COTRAN Pathologic Basis OF Disease, 10 th Edition, Chapter 1, Pg 302307
	Forensic Medicine	
• Signs and symptoms of common poisoning and its Management	 Identification of a case of poisoning. Diagnostic criteria for a case of poisoning Describe the role of elimination of unabsorbed poison Describe the role of elimination of absorbed poison with special emphasis on forced diueresis and exchange transfusion 	Parikhs"text book of forensic and toxicology, edition 9

Time Table 2023

Integrated Modular Curriculum

Foundation Module II

3rd Year MBBS

Date: 2nd March, 2023 by DME, New Teaching Block

Duration Of Module:

O4 Weeks

Coordinator:

Dr. Attiya Munir

Co-Coordinators: Dr. Haseeba Talat/ Dr Omaima Asif

Reviewed by: Module committee

Prof. Dr. Muhammad Umar	Chairman	Vice Chancellor RMU
Prof. Dr. Ayesha Yousaf	Dean of Basic Sciences/Convener	Anatomy Department
Prof. Dr Idrees Anwar	Dean & Member Curriculum Committee	Surgery Department
Dr Asma Khan	Incharge 3 rd year Modular Curriculum	Pharmacology Department
Dr Omaima Asif	Overall Modular Coordinator	Pharmacology Department
Dr Zunera Hakim	Focal Person	Pharmacology Department
Dr Fariha	Focal Person	Pathology Department
Dr Gulzaib	Focal Person	Forensic Medicine Department
Dr Saima Ambreen	Focal Person	Medicine Department
Dr Huma Sabir	Focal Person	Surgery Department
Dr Asad Shabbir	Focal Person	Paeds Department
Dr Khola Noreen	Focal Person	Research
Dr Sadia Khan	Focal Person	Family Medicine Department
Mufti Abdul Wahid	Focal Person	Quran Teachings

Members of Module Committee

Approved by: Curriculum Committee Documented By Dr Omaima Asif

Prepared By

Dr Attiya Munir AP Pharmacology Department

(1st Week)

DATE / DAY															
Monday 06-03-2023				Fot (8	undation I Theo 3:30am to 2:00	ry Exam) pm)									
					Forensic Medicine	1am-12pm * L-1				1	2:00pm	to 02:00pm			
					Role of radiology in	personal identity					_				
Tuesday 07-03-2023					Even Dr. Naila Batool	Odd Dr. Raheel Baig				Batch	Wise Vi	va Foundation	Ι		
		Batch: A M Batch: B Su	ledicine irgery		Forensic Medicine Role of DNA finge	* L-2 r printing in personal i	dentity			12	2:00pm]	Го 02:00рт			
Wednesday 08-03-2023		Batch: C Su (Refer to anne	b-Specialty exure2)		Even	Odd Dr. Naila Batool		Batch Wise Viva Foundation I							
					Pharmacology * L-	3		12:00pm To 02:00pm							
Thursday 09-03-2023					Introduction of Au	Batch Wise Viva Foundation I									
					Even Dr. Asma Khan	Odd									
	08:00am	- 08:45am	08:45am –	09:30am	09:30	am – 10:15am	10:15am - 1	1:00am		11:00am	– 12:00pn	n			
	Medicine *L-4		Forensic Medicine	*L-5	Pathology *L-6		Pathology ** S-1		Pharma	cology * L-7	7				
Friday	Symptomology I (symptoms)	Common	Introduction to tox	icology	Pathophysiology of	Thrombosis	Edema		Sympat	homimetics-I (C	Classificati	on)			
10-03-2023	Even	Odd	Even	Even	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Ev	en		Odd			
	Dr. Javeria	Dr. Tahira	Dr. Raheel Baig	DrGulzaib	Prof Mobina Dodh	y Prof Wafa Omer	r Dr. Mudassira, Dr. Aisha	Dr. Huma, Dr.Unaiza	Dr. Zun	era Hakim	Dr. S	SobiaJaved			
	08:00am	- 08:45am	08:45am –	09:30am	09:30	am – 10:30am	10:30am-11:00pm	11	:00 am – 1	12:00 pm		12:00 pm – 1:0	00 pm	1:00 pm – 2:00	pm
	Surg	ery L* 8	Pharmacology	*L-9	Pharmace	ology * L-10		Medicine *L-11				Pathology ** S-2		Pharmacology ***	C-1
Saturday 11-03-2023	Investigations and	Diagnosis in surgery	Sympathomimetics acting drugs)	s-II (Directly	Sympathomimetics (Indirectly acting d	-III rugs)		Symptomology investigations)	/ –II (Spec	cific symptoms a	and lab	Morphological ch Infarction	anges in	Anaphylactic Shoc	k
	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	BREAK	Even		Odd		Even	Odd	Even	Od d
	Dr. Muhammad Atif	Dr. Muhammad Iqbal	Dr. Zunera Hakim	Dr. Sobia Javed	Dr. Zunera Hakim	Dr. Sobia Javed		Dr. Javeria		Dr. Tahira		Dr. Mudassira ,Dr.Rabia	Dr. Huma, Dr.Nida Fatima	Dr.Zaheer, Dr zoefeshan	Dr.Omai ma Dr. Arsheen

DATE / DAY	8:00 AM - 11:00am - 12:00am 11:00 AM								12:00 AM - 02:00 PM						
			Clinical Clerkship		Pathology	**S-3		Batch	Discipline	Topic of Practica	1	Teacher	Venue		
Monday 13-03-2023				Types of He Even	morrhage O	dd	A Pł	narmacology P-1	Pharmacological	calculations III	Dr.UzmaUmer	Pharmacology Lab			
	Batch : A Medicine Batch :				Dr. Nida	Dr. Rabbia	Khalid,	B Fo	orensic Medicine P-2	Spectroscopic As	sessment of blood	Dr. Raheel	Forensic Lab		
			urgery Batch		Fatima, DrHuma	DrM	udassira	C I	Pathology P-3	Chronic Venous Thrombosis, Infa	Congestion, rction	Dr. Abid Hassan	Pathology Lab, NTB		
		(Refer	to		Pathology	*** C-2		Batch	Discipline	Topic of Practica	1				
Tuesday 14-03-2023		annexu	ure2)		Etio-pathoge	enesis of Shock		В	Pharmacology P-	1 Pharmacological	calculations III	Dr.UzmaUmer	Pharmacology Lab		
11 03 2023					Even	D D C	Odd	G			. (D1 1	D D 1 1			
					Dr. Fatima Iqbal	, Dr Dr. Sae DrAmn	a	C	P-2	Spectroscopic As	sessment ofBlood	Dr. Raheel	Forensic Lab		
								А	Patho logy P-3	Chronic Venous Thrombosis, Infa	Congestion, rction	Dr. Abid Hassan	Pathology Lab, NTB		
					Pharmacolog	gy * L-12		Batch	Discipline	Topic of Practica	1	-			
Wednesday					Alpha block	ers	44	C P	harmacology P-1	Pharmacological	calculations III	Dr.UzmaUmer	Pharmacology Lab		
13-03-2025					Even	0	uu								
					Dr. Zupera	Dr.Sobia Jav	red	A	Forensic Medicine-	2 Spectroscopic Assessment ofBlood		Dr. Raheel	Forensic Lab		
					Hakim			В	Patho logy- 3	Chronic Venous Thrombosis, Infa	Congestion, rction	Dr. Abid Hassan	Pathology Lab, NTB		
Thursday					Pharmacolog	gy * L-13		Pharmacology	* L-14			Forensic Medicine * L-15			
16-03-2023					Beta Blocke	Beta Blockers-I (Classification) 12:00 AM – 1:00PM						1:00 PM - 02:00 PM			
								Beta Blockers-II (Mechanism of Action)			Classification of poisons				
				Even Odd			Ev	Even Odd			Even	Odd			
	00.00	00.45	00.45 00.00		Dr Asma Kh	an Dr So	bia Javed	Dr Asma Kha	han Dr Sobia Javed		12.00	Dr Raheel	Dr Gulzaib		
Friday 17-03-2023	Quran * L-16	n - 08:45am	Pathology **	s-4	Surgery	* L-17	m	Pharmacology *L-18 Pathology *L-19							
	Imaniat IV		Introduction to ge	enetics	Perioperativ	e care		Beta Blockers and adverse e	Beta Blockers-III (Clinical uses Mendalian Disorders						
	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd		Even	Odd	Even	Odd				
	Mufti Wahid		Dr. Mudassira, Dr. Aisha	adassira, Dr. Huma, Dr. Ali Dr. Amjad DAsma Khan Dr Sobia javed Prof Wafa Omer sha Dr.Unaiza Kamran		Prof Wafa Omer	Dr.Mobina Dodhy								
Saturday	08:00an	n - 08:45am	08:45am	– 09:30am	09:30am -	10:30am	10:30- 11:00am	11:00am – 12	2:00pm	12:00	:am – 1:00pm	1:00pm – 2:00 pm			
18-03-2023	Peads * L-20 Surgery * L-21		Pathology	** S-5		Pharmacology	*** C-3	Forensic Medicin	e *L- 22	Family Medicine *L-	-23				
	Introduction to child Shock and Blood transfusion growth and development		Types of gen and Prenatal	Types of gene disorders and Prenatal diagnosis		Beta Blocker	S	Classification of a	antidotes	History taking fundame	entals				
	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	BREAK	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd		
	Dr. Jaweria Dr. Dr. Hafiza Kiran Zain Hafeez		Dr. Sehrish Bashir	Dr. Mudassira Dr. Aisha	Dr. Huma, Dr. Unaiza		Dr. Uzma Dr. Zaheer	Dr.Omaima Dr. Zoefeshan	Dr. Shahida	Dr Gulzaib	Dr Sadia	32 Page			

Time Table 3rd Year MBBS –Foundation Module II -2023

(3rd Week)

DATE / DAY		8:00 AM -	11:00		11:	00am – 12:00pm	1					12:00 PM - 02:00 PM		
		Clinical Cle	rkship		Pharmacology	*L-24		Batch	Disci	oline	Topic of Practi	cal		
			ľ		Parasympathom	imetics-I (Direct	ly acting)	A	Pharmacolog	v P-4	Effect of mydr	iatics on rabbit's eye	DrRubina	Pharmacology Lab
Monday					Even	<u>`</u>	Odd	-	c		5	5		
2003-2023					Dr Attiva	Dr	Zunera Hakim	B	Forensic Me	licine P-5	General Toxico	logy & Management of	Dr. Gulzaih	Forensic Lab
		Batch : A M	ledicine		Di. Milya	DI		Б	I ofensie me	fielder 1.5	human poisonin	ng	DI. Guizaio	Torensie Eulo
		Batch : B	Surgery					С	Pathology	P-6	Diagnosis of be	enign neoplasm	Dr. Nida Fatima	Pathology Lab, NTB
		(Refer to and	b-specially exure?)		Pharmacology	*L-25		Batch	Discij	oli ne	Topic of Practi	cal	•	
		(iterer to uni	lexure2)		Parasympathom	imetics-II (Indire	ectly acting)	В	Pharmacolog	y P-4	Effect of mydri	atics on rabbit's eye	DrRubina	Pharmacology Lab
Tuesday					Even		Odd							
21-03-2023					Dr. Attiya	Dr.	Zunera Hakim	С	Forensic Me	licine P-5	General Toxico	blogy & Management of	Dr. Gulzaib	Forensic Lab
								А	Pathology	P-6	Diagnosis of be	enign neoplasm	Dr. Nida Fatima	Pathology Lab, NTB
	_				Pharmacology *	L-26		Batch	Disci	oline	Topic of Practi	cal		
					Anti cholinergic mechanism of a	s –I (Classificati ction)	on and	С	Pharmacolog	у Р-4	Effect of mydri	atics on rabbit's eye	DrRubina	Pharmacology Lab
Wednesday					Even		Odd							
22-03-2023					Dr. Attiya	D	r.Asma Khan	А	Forensic Me	licine P-5	General Toxico human poisonin	logy & Management of	Dr. Gulzaib	Forensic Lab
								В	Pathology	P-6	Diagnosis of be	enign neoplasm	Dr. Nida Fatima	Pathology Lab, NTB
					Pharmacology *	L-27		Pathology	** S-6			<u> </u>		
T1					Anticholinergics	s-II (Therapeutic	uses and			12:00 P	M – 1:00 PM			
23-03-2023					adverse effects)			Single gene	e disorder					
					Even		Odd		Even			Odd		
					DrAsma Khan	D	rAttiyaMunir	DrMudassin	ra, DrRabia Kha	id	DrHuma, Dr. Nida	Fatima		
	08:00am	- 08:45am	08:45am - 09	9:30am	09:	30am – 10:15am	1	10:15am - 1	11:00am		11:00ar	n – 12:00pm		
	Surgery * L-2	28	Pathology	***C-4	Forensic Medici	ne *L-29		Pathology	*L-30		Pharmacology	***C-5		
Friday	Fluid and Electrol	lyte	Diagnosis of	Klienfilter	Signs and sympt	toms of common	poisoning	Nomenclati	ure & Characteri	stics of	Organophosphate p	oisoning	-	
24-03-2023	balance		syndrome		and its Managen	nent	· · · · · · · · · · · 8	neoplasms			8bb.			
	Even	Odd	Even	Od	Even		Odd	Even		Ddd	Even	Odd	_	
				d			-						4	
	Dr. Asifa	Dr. Umer Kaleem	Dr Fatima	Dr	Dr. Gulzaib		Dr Shahida	Prof Wafa (Omer Dr	_	Dr. Uzma	Dr.Omaima		
	Dayan		Kizvi, Dr.	Saeed,					.MODI	ia	Dr. Haseeba	Dr. Zoelesnan		
			iquai	Amna					Doully					
	08:00am	- 08:50am	08:50an	n – 09:40am	09:40am - 10:	30am		10:	:30am - 11:20an		11:20:ar	n – 12:10pm	12:10pm – 1:00 pm	
	Surgery *	⁻ L-31	Forensic Med	licine * L-32	Pharmacology	*** C-6		Pathology	** S-7		Pathology **S-8		Research *L-33	
	Introduction to tra Management	uma and Basic	Legal Duties	of a doctor in	Mushroom and	dhatura		Epidemiolo	gy of Neoplasia		Molecular Basis of	Cancer	Inferential Statistics 4	(Chi Square test)
25-03-2023	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	1	Even		Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd
25 05-2025	Dr. Huma Sabir	Dr. Asad Amir	Dr. Filza	Dr. Naila	Dr. Uzma Dr.	Dr.Omaima	1	Dr Tayyal	ba, Dr A	siya, Dr.	Dr Tayyaba, Dr	Dr Asiya, Dr. Abid	Dr. Imrana	Dr. Abdul Qudoos
	Khan			Batool	Haseeba	Dr.Arsheen		Dr Fariha		Abid	Fariha			

DATE / DAY	8:00 AM	- 10:45 AM		10:45am – 11	1:30 am					11:30 PM - 01:00 PM		
	Clinical	Clerkship		Pathology **S	S-9	Batch	Discipline		Topic of Practic	cal		
		-		Tumor suppressor genes in	n cancer	А	Pharmacology	P-7	Effect of miotic	cs on rabbit's eye	Dr. Haseeba	Pharmacology Lab
Monday 2703-2023				Even	Odd	_				-		
	Batch : A	Medicine Batch		DrTayyaba, DrFariha	DrAsiya, Dr.	В	Forensic Medicine	P-8	Practical journa	l preparation	Dr. Naila	Forensic Lab
	: B Su	gery Batch : C			Abid	С	Pathology	P-9	Diagnosis of ma	alignant neoplasm	Dr. Amna Noor	Pathology Lab, NTB
	Sub-Spec	ialty (Refer to		Pathology ** S-10)	Batch	Discipline		Topic of Practic	cal	ł	
	annexure	2)		Microbial and radiation ca	arcinogenesis	В	Pharmacology	P-7	Effect of miotic	es on rabbit's eye	Dr. Haseeba	Pharmacology Lab
Tuesday				Even	Odd							
28-03-2023				DrTayyaba, DrFariha	DrAsiya, Dr. Abid	С	Forensic Medicine	P-8	Practical journa	l preparation	Dr. Naila	Forensic Lab
						А	Pathology	P-9	Diagnosis of ma	alignant neoplasm	Dr. Amna Noor	Pathology Lab, NTB
	1			Pathology * L-34		Batch	Discipline		Topic of Practic	cal		I
				Diagnostic approach of ma	alignant tumors	С	Pharmacology	P-7	Effect of miotic	s on rabbit's eye	Dr Haseeeba	Pharmacology Lab
Wednesday				Even	Odd							
29-03-2023				Prof Wafa Omer	Dr.Mobina	А	Forensic Medicine	P-8	Practical journa	l preparation	Dr. Naila	Forensic Lab
					Dodhy	В	Pathology	P-9	Diagnosis of ma	alignant neoplasm	Dr.Amna Noor	Pathology Lab, NTB
				Forensic Medicine * L-35		Pathology	** S-11		•		Peads*L-36	
Thursday				Autopsy findings in poiso	ning and Collection,		11:	:30 AM	1 – 12:15 PM		12:1	5 PM - 01:00 PM
30-03-2023				preservation and dis	spatch of body	Carcinogen	ic agents and Tumor in	mmunit	ty		Malnutrition assessme	ent and management
				Even	Odd		Even			Odd	Even	Odd
				Dr. Filza	Dr. NailaBatool	Dr. Tayyab	a, Dr. Aisha		Dr. Asiya, Dr. Saee	d	Dr. Farah	Dr. Sadaf
	08:00am - 08:45am	08:45am - 09:30	am	09:30am - 10	0:15am	10:15am -	11:00am		11:00am	n – 12:00pm		
	Quran * L-37	Pathology **	S-12	Family Medicine * L-38		Pathology	***C-7		Research *L-39			
Friday 31-03-2023	Ibadiat I	Pathophysiology Environmental D	of viseases	Communication Skills in p	patient care	Lead Poiso	ning]	Inferential Statistics	4 (Correlation)]	
1	Even Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd	Even	Odd		Even	Odd		
	Mufti Wahid	Dr. Tayyaba, Dr. Nida	Dr. Asiya, Dr. Saeed	Dr. Sadia		Dr. Fatima Iqbal	Dr. Dr. Saeed, D Amna	Dr.	Dr. Imrana	Dr. Abdul Qudoos	-	
Saturday 01-04-2023		1		Prep L	Leave					1		

Date / Day	08:00am to 02:00pm
Monday	FOUNDATION II
03-04-2023	Theory Assessment
Tuesday	OSPE + VIVA
04-04-2023	Block-I
Wednesday	OSPE + VIVA
05-04-2023	Block-I
Thursday	OSPE + VIVA
06-04-2023	Block-I

Teaching Hours

Sr. No.	Disciplines	LGIS	SGD/CBL	SDL	Hours
1.	Pharmacology	12	04	04	20
2.	Pathology	04	15	04	23
3.	Forensic Medicine	08	0	04	12
4.	Research	02	0	0	02
5.	Surgery	05	0	0	05
б.	Medicine	02	0	0	02
7.	Pediatrics	02	0	0	02
8.	Quran	02	0	0	02
9.	Family Medicine	02	0	0	02
	Total hours	39	19	12	70

Practical & Clerkship Hours

Disciplines	Practical hours	Disciplines	Clerkship hours
Pharmacology	2x3 = 06 hrs	Surgery	2.5 x 15 = 37.5hrs
Pathology	2x3 = 06 hrs	Medicine	2.5 x 15 = 37.5hrs
Forensic Medicine	2x3 = 06 hrs	Sub Specialty	2.5 x 15= 37.5hrs

➢ LGIS (L) *
 ➢ SGD (S) **
 ➢ CBL (C) ***
 ➢ SDL (SL) ****

Venues for Academic Sessions 3rd Year MBBS

• Large Group Interactive Sessions (LGIS)

Odd roll numbers: Lecture Hall 01

Even roll numbers: Lecture Hall 02

• <u>Small Group Discussion (SGD) /Case Based Learning (CBL)</u>

Lecture Hall 01 Lecture Hall 02 Lecture Hall 06 Pharmacy Lab

In case of non-availability of these venues, CPC will be used for two batches

The batch distribution & venues for whole year are fixed with no change except for extra ordinary situations.

Rawalpindi Medical University Rawalpindi

Section III-Assessment Policies

Contents

- Assessment plan
- Types of Assessment
- Modular Assessments
- Block Assessment
- Table 4: Assessment Frequency & Time in Foundation Module

Date: 18th February, 2023 by DME, New Teaching Block

Section III: Assessment Policies



Assessment plan

University has followed the guidelines of Pakistan Medical and Dental Council for assessment. Assessment is conducted at the mid modular, modular and block levels.

Types of Assessment:

The assessment is formative and summative.

Formative Assessment

Formative assessment is taken at modular $(2/3^{rd})$ of the module is complete) level through MS Teams. Tool for this assessment is best choice questions and all subjects are given the share according to their hour percentage.

Summative Assessment:

Summative assessment is taken at the mid modular (LMS Based), modular and block levels.

Modular Assessments

Theory Paper

There is a module Assessment at the end of first module of each block. The content of the whole teaching of the module are tested in this Assessment. It consists of paper with objective type questions and structured essay questions. The distribution of the questions is based on the Table of Specifications of the module. (Annexure I attached)

Viva Voce:

Structured table viva voce is conducted including the practical content of the module.

Block Assessment

On completion of a block which consists of two modules, there is a block Assessment which consists of one theory paper and a structured viva with OSPE. Theory Paper

There is one written paper for each subject. The paper consists of objective type questions and structured essay questions. The distribution of the questions is based on the Table of Specifications of the module.

Block OSPE

This covers the practical content of whole block.

Table 4-Assessment Frequency & Time in Foundation Module II

Block		Module – 2	Type of Assessme <u>nts</u>	Total Assessmer	nts Time		No. of Asse	ssments
	Sr #	Foundation Module Components		Assessment Time	Summative Assessment Time	Formative Assessment Time		
	1	Mid Module Assessments LMS based(Pharmacology, Pathology, Forensic Medicine, Medicine, Surgery, Peads, Family Medicine, Research)	Summative	30 Minutes		30 Minutes	1 Formative	5 Summative
ck-I	2	Topics of SDL Assessment on MS Team	Formative	10 Minutes (Every Friday)				
Blo	3	End Module Assessments (SEQ & MCQs Based)	Summative	6 Hours	7 hours			
	4	Pharmacology Structured and Clinically Oriented Viva	Summative	10 Minutes	/ nours			
	5.	Forensic Medicine Structured and Clinically oriented Viva	Summative	10 Minutes				
	5	Pathology Structured & Clinically oriented Viva	Summative	10 Minutes				

Learning Resources

Subject	Resources
Pathology/Microbiology	TEXT BOOKS 1. Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 10 th edition. 2. Rapid Review Pathology, 5 th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD. 3. http://library.med.utah.edu/WebPath/webpath.html
Pharmacology	TEXT BOOKS 1. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Bertram Z. Katzung 15th Edition 2.Goodman and Gillmans The Pharmacological basics of Therapeutics, 13th Edition
Forensic Medicine	TEXT BOOKS 1. Parikh Text Book of Medical Jurisprudence Forensic Medicine & Toxicology Edition 9
Medicine	TEXT BOOKS Davidsons Textbook of Medicine
Surgery	TEXT BOOKS Balley & Love textbook of surgery
Research	Digital library

SECTION IV

Table of Specification (TOS) For Foundation II Module Assessment

Sr. #	Discipline	No. of MCQs (%)	No. of M accord cognit	ACQs lingto tive dom	ain	No SE (*	o. of EQs %)	N ao	o. of SE ccording cognitiv	Qs to re	Viva voce	OSPE Marks	Total Marks
						No of items	Marks		domain	1			
			C1	C2	C3			C1	C2	C3			
1.	Pharmacology	15	2	9	4	7	3 5	2	4	1	30	20	100
2.	Forensic Medicine	15	4	9	3	5	2 5	2	2	1	10	0	50
3.	Pathology	25	2	5	3	7	3 5	2	4	1	40	10	100
4.	Family Medicine	5	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
6.	Research	5	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
7.	Medicine	5	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
8.	Surgery	5	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
9.	Peads	5	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
									Grand	l Total		275	j

Annexure I

(Sample MCQ & SEQ papers with analysis)

Date: 18th February, 2023 by DME, New Teaching Block



Time: --:--Date: --

DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY RAWALPINDI MEDICAL UNIVERSITY SEND-UP EXAMINATION 2022 **RMU & Allied Hospitals** 3rd Year MBBS **MCQs PAPER** BLOCK-I

ROLL NO.

Total Marks: 55 Time Allowed: 60min

applied due to fracture of his left femoral bone 8 weeks ago. After removal of the cast the resident notices that A 29-year man comes to a resident surgeon for removal of plaster cast. The patient states that the plaster was the diameter of the left calf has decreased in size as compared to the right one. What is the cause of this observation? -i

- Aplasia Ä
- Atrophy B.
- Dystrophy ن
- Hypoplasia Dysplasia D. шi

CORE C2 CELLULAR ADAPTATIONS

- performed, and the appendix was found to be swollen, erythematous, and partly covered by a yellowish examination there is rebound tenderness on palpation at the right iliac fossa. Laparoscopic surgery was A 22-year college student developed marked right lower abdominal pain over the past day. On physical exudate. Which one of the following best describes the process? N
 - Acute inflammation ¥.
- Granuloma formation B.
 - Chronic inflammation i
 - Tissue necrosis Ö.
 - Fibrosis and repair шi

VERTICAL INTEGRATION SURGERY C2 INFLAMMATION

- A 34 years man presented with complains of productive cough, low grade fever and weight loss for last 6 months. After investigation he has been diagnosed as having pulmonary tuberculosis. What are the two main è.
 - cell types involved in this inflammatory disease?
 - **Basophils and Macrophages** Ä
- Macrophages and Lymphocytes В.
 - Eosinophils and neutrophils J
- Neutrophils and lymphocytes D.
 - Basophils and neutrophils шi

CORE INFLAMMATION C2

A 35-year woman takes acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) for arthritis. The aspirin therapy alleviates her pain mainly 4

- through reduction in the synthesis of which of the following mediators?
 - Complement C1q Ä
- Histamine В.
- Leukotriene E4 i

 - Nitric oxide D.
- Prostaglandins ш

HORIZONTAL INTEGRATION PHARMACOLOGY C1 INFLAMMATION

1/13

Sample of MCQs Paper

Detailed Analysis of Sample of MCQs Paper

Level of Cognition	Question No	Total	Percentage
C1	4, 13, 19, 26, 27, 36, 47, 51, 54	09	16%
C2	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 22, 23, 25, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 55	38	69%
C3	21, 24, 31, 35, 37, 38, 39, 44	08	15%

Type of Integration	Question No	Total	Percentage
Core	1, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 53	34	62%
Horizontal	4, 17, 24, 38, 52	05	9%
Vertical	2, 18, 21, 25, 31, 44, 50	07	13%
Spiral	5, 8, 20, 23, 45, 54	06	11%
Research & medical ethics	22, 35, 55	03	5%

Motenna 15/11/22

Prof. Mobina Ahsan Dodhy Chairperson Pathology Department Rawalpindi Medical University

22 Assistant Director

Department of Medical Education Rawalpindi Medical University

Vice Chancellon 9/12/12 Rawalpindi Medical University Rawalpindi

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Date: 18th

	Sample	Paper of SEQs	<u>م</u> د	
ROLL NO. ent Total Marks: 35 Time: 12:00noon	Aother gives history of the boy shows Pallor, with normal WBC and 01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02	evaluated for a bleeding 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	nonth time period despite mal for few months after the 01 02 02 02 02	dies.
RAWALPINDI MEDICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY RMU & Allied Hospitals tology Immunology & Research Module Assessme 3 rd Year MBBS SEQS PAPER	s with failure to thrive, repeated infections, lethargy and pallor. N His elder sister is on regular transfusion. Physical examination of splenomegaly. His CBC reveals Hb3.4 g/dL, MCV 52 fL, MCH 18 pg eely diagnosis? you would like to perform to confirm diagnosis? you would like to perform to confirm diagnosis? to the parents of this child? sto clinic with fatigue, night sweats, and lethargy of 6 months du reight loss over that period. On physical examination, the spleen reight loss over that period. On physical examination, the spleen to of his examination is normal. Laboratory testing is remarkabl ate dehydrogenase level. A complete spectrum of myeloid cells ate dehydrogenase level. A complete spectrum of myeloid cells of neutrophils and myelocytes. There is also increased number of robable diagnosis? inderlying genetic mutation.	th history of easy bruising and increased menstrual flow was d with immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP). Film and Bone marrow examination findings. thrombocytopenia. esented in basic health unit of district Jehlum with complain esented in basic health unit of district Jehlum with complain estim shows scattered bruises on body. Her laboratory investig ation shows scattered bruises on body. Her laboratory investig et count is 24 x 10 ⁹ /L. Pathologist reports 90% blast cells on pe imorphology of lymphoblast and myeloblast? I stain helps to differentiate between lymphoblast and myelot enetic abnormalities seen in Acute myeloid leukemia.	ecipient experiences gradual rise of creatinine in 10-m He states that he was alright and all his lab results were norr lition deteriorated slowly. rejection is this? Des of grafts on the basis of type of donor. en direct and indirect graft antigen recognition g Hepatitis B in a patient in the ward. The laboratory per	to perform ELISA for confirmation as it is based on spec types of antigen antibody reactions of ELISA with the underlying principle in each sented with painless diffuse enlargement of thyroid gla levels and she is positive for circulating antithyroidantibod kelydiagnosis? ecfic autoimmunediseases?
Haema Haema Date: 07th November 2022 Time Allowed: 45min	 Q1. A 3 years boy present consanguineous marriage frontal bossing and hepatt platelet count. a) What is the most l b) What further tests c) What advice you w c) What advice you w d) 2. A 65-years man present he has experienced 10 lb the costal margin, the rest he costal margin, the rest of blood with biomodel peak a) What is the most he cost biomerate the pheces 	 Q3. A 30 years female w disorder. She was diagnose disorder. She was diagnose a) Discuss Peripheral b) Enlist the causes o Q4. A 47 years woman pl infections. Physical examir WBC 174 x 10⁹/L and plate a) Briefly compare th b) Which cytochemic b) Which cytochemic c) Give any two cytog 	 Q5. A renal transplant immunomodulatory drugs. transplant but then his con a) Which type of graft b) Classify different type c) Differentiate betwe O6. A physician is suspecti 	physician has asked them technique. a) Enlist 4 the differer b) Enumerate 3 types d7. A 45 years female pre shows decreased T3 and T4 a) What is your most 1 a) What is your most 1 b, Endmer&u 0,g=n is 3/02/78-nd 0; 243 nune to

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Detailed Analysis of SEQs Paper

Levels of cognition	Question number	Total	Percentage	7
C1	5b,6a and 7c	3	16%	
C2	2b, 2c, 3b, 4a, 4b, 5c, 6b and 7b	8	42%	
	1a 1b 1c 2a 2a Ac	8	42%	

PROF. MOBINA AHSAN DODHY Chairperson, Department of Pathology, RMU ASSISTANT DIRECTOR Department of Medical Education, RMU

VICE CHANCELLOR RAWALPINDI MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

Date: 18th February, 2023 by DME, New Teaching Block

ANNEXURE II

		MEDICINE														
1		MEDICINE MEDICINE							SURGERY + TRAUMA							
Dates		HFH Unit-	I nrn	Unit-11	bbn Unit-1		Dir Cuit II	10.12	Infit Call-1 HFF		n ont-fi	BBH U	BH Unit-1 BBH		DHQ	
<u>S.P.W</u> <u>S.P.V</u>	08-02-2023 To 30-04-2023	023 Al		A2	A3		A4	A5	B5		B4	B3		B2	Bl	
<u>s.v</u>	01-05-2023 To 06-08-2022			C2	C3		C4	C5	A5		A4	A3		A2	Al	
07-08-2023 To 15-10-2023		B1		B2 B3			B4	B5	C5		C4	C3		C2		
							MISCEL	ANEOUS	5	-	-		_	-	1	
	8-2-23 To 19-2-23	20-2-23 To 5-3-23	6-3-23 To 19-3-23	5.P.W 20-3-23 To 9-4-23	<u>S.P.V</u> 10-4-23 To 30-4-23	1-5-23 To 14-5-2	15-5-23 To 28-5-23	29-5-23 To 11-6-23	12-6-23 To 25-6-23	<u>5.V</u> 26-6-23 To 6-8-23	7-8-23 To 20-8-23	21-8-23 To 3-9-23	4-9-23 To 17-9-23	18-9-23 To 1-10-23	2-10-3 To 15-10-	
Pathology	CI	C2	C3	C4	C5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	Al	A2	A3	A4	AS	
Druchiate	C5	Cl	C2	C3	C4	B5	B1	B2	B3	B4	A5	Al	A2	A3	A4	
r sychiaci		C5	Cl	02	C3	B4	B5	B1	B2	B3	A4	A5	A1	A2	A3	
Radiology					C 2	D3	R4	B5	BI	B2	A3	A4	A5	Al	A2	
Skill Lab	C3	C4	C5	CI	C2	55			DS	BI	A2	A3	A4	A5	`A1	
E.R	C2	C3	C4	C5	C1	B2	B3	B4	ВЗ						-	
*	Tentative Ho Sport Spring	Week (S.P.W) Vocations (S.P.	.V)	12-03-2023 24-04-2023 03-07-2023	то то то	19-03-202 30-04-202 30-07-202					A	Activat	Swin	Anna	Hor	